				Pho	onics Overview			
						Summer 1	Summer 2	End of year expectations
Nursery	Word reading – read write					Children are taught their set 1 sounds m, a, s, d, t, i, n, p, g, o, c, k, u, b, f, e, l, h, r, j, v, w, x, y, z,	Children continue to recall set 1 sounds m, a, s, d, t, i, n, p, g, o, c, k, u, b, f, e, l, h, r, j, v, w, x, y, z, sh, th, ch, qu, ng, nk	Begin to say a sound for each letter in the alphabet
		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	End of year expectations
Reception	Word reading – read write inc	Children are taught their Set 1 sounds m, a, s, d, t, i, n, p, g, o, c, k, u, b, f, e, l, h, r, j, v, w, x, y, z, sh, th, ch, qu, ng, nk	Recap on set 1 special friends: th, ch, qu, ng, nk, Teach addditonal set 1 sounds: ck, ff, ll, ss, zz Children are taught to blend sounds into words orally. Children are taught to blend single- letter sounds (word time 1.1-1.4)	Recap on set 1 special friends: th, ch, qu, ng, nk Secure blending of words with special friends (word time 1.5 and 1.6).	Recap on any set 1 sounds (addressing sound gaps). Secure blending on words containing all set 1 sounds Children are taught to blend words containing 4/5 sounds and consonant blends (word time 1.6 and 1.7). To be exposed to some common exception words: put, the, I, no, of, my, for, he	Children are taught their set 2 sounds: ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo, ar, or, air, ir, ou, oy To recall previous common exception words and be exposed to new common exception words: your, said, you, be, are	Children are taught their set 2 sounds: ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo, ar, or, air, ir, ou, oy Children are taught to blend words containing set 2 sounds Children to build speed of reading words containing set 1 sounds.  To recall common previous exception words and be	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs. Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending. Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

						exposed to new common exception words to, me, go, baby	
	Read all single letter set 1 sounds	Read all set 1 sounds Blend sounds into words orally.	nd of each half-term Blend sounds to read words - Read short ditty stories.	Read Red storybooks	Read Green storybooks Read some set 2 sounds	Read Green or Purple storybooks Read some set 2 sounds.	
Comprehension	Listening compre instructions. Imm related/unfamilia	erse children in topic	Retrieval comprehe verbal guided ques children to use give appropriate contex	tioning. Expect en vocabulary in	Simple, inference-bacomprehension throguided questioning. predictions. Recall sifor given vocabulary	ugh verbal Verbal, simple mple definition	Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role play.

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	End of year expectations
Year One`	Word reading – read write inc	Children are taught their set 2 sounds: ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo, ar, or, air, ir, ou, oy Children are taught to read words containing set 2 sounds. Children build speed of reading words containing set 1 sounds, particularly word time 1.6-1.7	Review set 2 sounds, particularly: ar, or, air, ir, ou, oy Children build speed of reading words containing these set 2 sounds: ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo Children are taught set 3 sounds: ea, oi, a-e, i-e,oe, u-e, e-e	Children to build speed of reading words containing these sounds set 1,2 and the following set 3 sounds (ea, oi, ae, i-e,o-e, u-e, ee). Children are taught the rest of the set 3 sounds.	Children to build speed of reading words containing set 1, 2 and 3 sounds. Begin to read multisyllabic words, including words with suffix endings.	Children to build speed of reading words containing set 1, 2 and 3 sounds. Read multisyllabic words with increased accuracy.	Children to read words containing set 1, 2 and 3 sounds speedily. Read multisyllabic words with increased accuracy and pace.	Apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words.  Respond speedily with the correct sound to graphemes (letters or groups of letters) for all 40+ phonemes, including, where applicable, alternative sounds for graphemes.  Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words containing GPCs that have been taught.  Read common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word. Read words containing taught GPCs and -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er and -
	>		By the en	d of each half-term	children should be ab	le to:		est endings Read other words
		- Read Purple storybooks Read the first six set 2 sounds speedily (ay, ee, igh, ow, oo, oo)	- Read Pink storybooks Read all set 2 sounds speedily Read nonsense words containing set 2 sounds.	- Read Orange storybooks Read some set 3 sounds Read set 2 sounds within nonsense words.	- Read Yellow storybooks Read some set 3 sounds speedily: (ea, oi, a- e, i-e,oe, u-e, e-e). - Read above sounds in nonsense words.	- Read Yellow storybooks Read all of set 3 sounds Read 60/70 words per minute.	- Read Blue storybooks. - Read all of set 3 sounds speedily Read 70 words per minute.	of more than one syllable that contain taught GPCs. Read words with contractions [for example, I'm, I'll, we'll], and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter(s) Read books aloud, accurately, that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge and that do not require them to

				use other strategies to work out words Reread these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading. Children can read at a pace of 60 words per minute.
		ted to: Read sentences linked to phonic k non-fiction, poetry, rhymes). Read Year 1		
Comprehension	Children are taught to: To participate in discussion about what is being read to them. To identify the title of a text. To discuss the significance of the title and events in a story. To answer questions verbally Learn topic related/ unfamiliar vocabulary and use it mostly appropriately. (Plus, comprehension covered within Read, Write, Inc. – retrieval and discussion/explain)	Children are taught to: To give simple prediction, based on what has happened so far. Learn topic related/ unfamiliar vocabulary and use it mostly appropriately and in a range of contexts. Begin to explain the meaning of vocabulary. (Plus, comprehension covered within Read, Write, Inc. – retrieval, inference and explain)	Children are taught to: To explain clearly what has been read to them. To explain the meaning of topic related/unfamiliar vocabulary and use it independently in a range of different contexts. Explain the meaning of topic related/unfamiliar vocabulary and use it independently in a range of different contexts. To make inferences based on what is said and done. To answer a range of questions, in simple, written form.	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: Listening to and discussing a wide range of poems, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently. Being encouraged to link what they read or hear to their own experiences. Becoming very familiar with key stories, fairy stories and traditional tales, retelling them and considering their characteristics. Recognising and joining in with predictable phrases. Discussing word meanings, linking new meanings to those already known Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those they listen to by: Drawing on what they already know or on background

	information and vocabulary
	information and vocabulary
	provided by the teacher.
	Checking that the text makes
	sense to them as they read, and
	correcting inaccurate reading.
	Discussing the significance of
	the title and events.
	Making inferences on the basis
	of what is being said and done.
	Predicting what might happen
	on the basis of what has been
	read so far.
	Participate in discussion about
	what is read to them, taking
	turns and listening to what
	others say.
	Explain clearly their
	understanding of what is read
	to them.

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	End of year expectations
		Children to read	Recap any missing	Read all words	Children are e	encouraged to read a	range of text	Continue to apply phonic knowledge
	inc	words	sound gaps and	including	types (fiction,	nonfiction, poetry, r	hymes).	and skills as the route to decode
		containing set 1,	build fluency	nonsense and	Daily opportu	nities for children to	build pace	words until automatic decoding has
	write	2 and 3 sounds	when reading	multisyllabic	and fluency o	f reading.		become embedded and reading is
Q	read	speedily Read	stories. Read	words that	Learn how an	d when to use expres	fluent.	
≥	- re	multisyllabic	multisyllabic	include set 1,2,3	reading.			Read accurately by blending the
ear	- g	words accuracy	words accuracy	sounds speedily	Children to re	ad multisyllabic word	ds and words	sounds in words that contain the
>	ading	and pace	and pace.	and accurately.	with suffix en	dings.		graphemes taught so far, especially
	re				Children to re	ad topic related voca	ıbulary.	recognising alternative sounds for
	Word				Children to re	ad year 2 common e	xception	graphemes.
	words.							
	By the end of each half-term children should be able to:							

	Read Blue	- Read Grey	Read Grey	Read with pace and fluency.	Read accurately words of two or
	storybooks with	storybooks. –	storybooks with	Begin to use expression as appropriate.	more syllables that contain the same
	increased	Read all of set 3	increased fluency	Read at a pace of 90 words per minute.	graphemes as above.
	fluency and	sounds speedily.	and	Read multisyllabic words with little or no	Read words containing common
	comprehension.	Read 80 words per	comprehension.	hesitation.	suffixes.
	Read all of set 3	minute.	Read all of set 3	Read year 2 common exception words	Read further common exception
	sounds speedily.	Read multi-syllabic	sounds speedily.		words, noting unusual
	Read 70/80	words speedily.	Read 80/90+		correspondences between spelling
	words per		words per		and sound and where these occur in
	minute.		minute. Read		the word.
			multi-syllabic		Read most words quickly and
			words speedily.		accurately, without overt sounding
					and blending, when they have been
					frequently encountered.
					Read aloud books closely matched to
					their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words
					accurately, automatically and
					without undue hesitation.
					Reread these books to build up their
					fluency and confidence in word
					reading.
					Children can read stories and
					passages at the pace of 90 words per
					minute.
					They can read all sounds in words,
					including multisyllabic words, with little or no hesitation.
	The same and the same	r 2 shildren ere evnes	tad ta. Chassa haal	l ks to read for their own pleasure - Participate in	illue of 110 flestlation.

discussion about books (e.g. sharing their opinions on whether they like/dislike the book) - Answer a range of questions based on VIPERS – both verbally and in written form. - Broaden their understanding of a range of ambitious vocabulary – recall the meanings and put words into context

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Children are taught specifically to: - Use clues to predict.

Answer and ask questions (verbally or in simple written form).

Discuss the sequence of events in books.

Discuss and clarify the meaning of words.

Children are taught specifically to: Explain and discuss their understanding of books.
Begin to answer questions about text in a written form.
Discuss their favourite books, words and phrases. Be introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways.

Make inferences based on what is said and done.

Children are taught specifically to:

Participate in discussion about poems.

Continue to build up a repertoire of poems. Recognise simple recurring literary language in poetry. Answer more complex range of questions about longer pieces of text in a written form.

.Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: - Listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and nonfiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently. - Discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related.

Becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional tales. - Being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways.

Year 2 Word Reading – Read, Write, Inc. (Until end of Spring 1)
Recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry.
Discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary.
Discussing their favourite words and phrases.

Continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear.

Understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to

by:

Drawing on what they already know
or on background information and
vocabulary provided by the teacher
Checking that the text makes sense
to them as they read, and correcting
inaccurate reading .
Making inferences on the basis of
what is being said and done .
Answering and asking questions .
Predicting what might happen on th
basis of what has been read so far.
Participate in discussion about
books, poems and other works that
are read to them and those that the
can read for themselves, taking turn
and listening to what others say.
Explain and discuss their
understanding of books, poems and
other material, both those that they
listen to and those that they read fo
themselves.